TWIN CEDARS COMMUNITY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUSSEY, IOWA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS

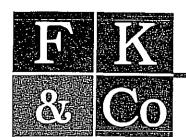
Year Ended June 30, 2014

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Officials

<u>NAME</u>	TITLE	TERM EXPIRES
	Board of Education	
	(Before September 2013 Election)	
Steve Gilkerson	President	2013
Steve Hoehns	Vice-President	2015
Brian Moore	Board Member	2013
Kelly Carlson	Board Member	2015
Tom Morgan	Board Member	2015
	Board of Education	
	(After September 2013 Election)	
Steve Hoehns	President	2015
Kelly Carlson	Vice-President	2015
Steve Gilkerson	Board Member	2017
Brian Moore	Board Member	2017
Tom Morgan	Board Member	2015
	School Officials	
Brian Vandersluis	Superintendent	2014
Deb Haselhuhn	District Secretary/	
	Treasurer/Business Manager	Indefinite
Ahlers Law Firm	Attorney	Indefinite



FALLER, KINCHELOE & CO, PLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education of
Twin Cedars Community School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Cedars Community School District (District), Bussey, Iowa, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. This includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

-5-

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2721 SW 30 th Street	Des Moines, Iowa	50321-1409
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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan on pages 8 through 17 and 40 through 42 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2013 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Another auditor previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the eight years ended June 30, 2012 (which are not presented herein) and expressed unmodified opinions on those financial statements. The supplementary information included in Schedules 1 through 6, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated March 6, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Faller, Kincheloe & Co., PLC Certified Public Accountants

all limbela & Co, PLC

March 6, 2015 Des Moines, Iowa

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Twin Cedars Community School District (District) provides this Management Discussion and Analysis of its financial statements. This narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities is for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. We encourage readers to consider this information in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow.

2014 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- General Fund revenues decreased from \$4,368,348 in fiscal year 2013 to \$4,103,494 in fiscal year 2014, while
 General Fund expenditures increased from \$4,544,423 in fiscal year 2013 to \$4,671,596 in fiscal year 2014. The
 District's General Fund balance decreased from \$584,782 at the end of fiscal year 2013 to \$16,680 at the end of
 fiscal year 2014, a 97.15% decrease.
- The fiscal year 2014 General Fund revenue decrease was attributable to a decrease in state aid due to declining
 resident enrollment and loss of Open Enrollment in income. The increase in expenditures was due primarily to an
 increase in negotiated salaries and benefits and general costs of supplies and goods. As a result, the District
 funded a portion of the current year General Fund salaries and benefits from the carryover fund balance.
- The District continues to make significant improvements to its facilities and equipment, including technology, from the use of Physical Plant and Equipment Levy funds and the Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax funds.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The annual report consists of a series of financial statements and other information, as follows:

Management's Discussion and Analysis introduces the basic financial statements and provides an analytical overview of the District's financial activities.

The Government-wide Financial Statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present an overall view of the District's finances.

The Fund Financial Statements tell how government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the most significant funds.

Notes to Financial Statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year, as well as presenting the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan.

Supplementary Information provides detailed information about the nonmajor governmental funds.

Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

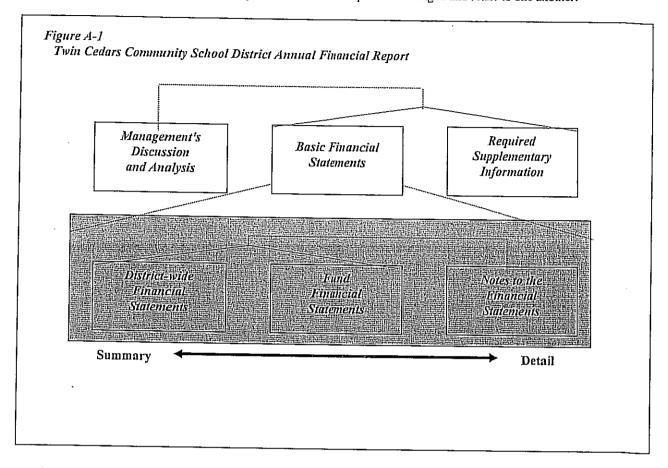


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain.

	Government-wide		Statements
	Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: food services
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/ liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/ outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL ACIVITIES

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether financial position is improving or deteriorating. To assess the District's overall health, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities, need to be considered.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property tax and state aid finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities: The District charges fees to help cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's school nutrition program is included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds — not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes, such as accounting for student activity funds, or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as federal grants.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- 1) Governmental funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - The District's governmental funds include the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Debt Service Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.
 - The required financial statements for governmental funds include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.
- 2) Proprietary funds: Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the government-wide financial statements. The District's Enterprise Funds, one type of proprietary fund, are the same as its business type activities but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. The District's Enterprise Fund is the School Nutrition Fund.
 - The required financial statements for proprietary funds include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Reconciliations between the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements follow the fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Figure A-3 below provides a summary of the District's net position at June 30, 2014 compared to June 30, 2013.

	Governm Activi	ities	Activ	Business type Activities		Total District	
	2014	30 <u>,</u> 2013	June 2014	30, 2013	June 1 2014	30, 2013	June 30, 2013-2014
Current and other assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 2,645 2,508 5,153	2,887 2,539 5,426	59 51 110	76 60 136	2,704 2,559 5,263	2,963 2,599 5,562	-8.7% -1.5% -5.4%
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	417 572	423 493	2	2	417 574	423 495	-1.4% 16.0%
Total liabilities	989	916	2	2	991	918	8.0%
Deferred inflows of resources	1,577	1,402			1,577	1,402	12.5%
Net position: Net investment in				,			
capital assets	2,508	2,539	51	60	2,559	2,599	-1.5%
Restricted	492	392	-	_	492	392	25.5%
Unrestricted	(413)	177	57	74	(356)	251	-241.8%
Total net position	\$ 2,587	3,108	108	134	2,695	3,242	

The District's combined net position decreased by nearly 16.9%, or approximately \$547,000, from the prior year. A large portion of the District's net assets is invested in capital assets (e.g., land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment), less the related debt. The debt related to the investment in capital assets is liquidated with sources other than capital assets.

Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation on how they can be used. The District's restricted net assets increased approximately \$100,000, or 25.5% from the prior year. The increase was mainly due to the accumulation of the local option sales tax revenue.

Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements – decreased approximately \$607,000, or 241.8%. The reduction in unrestricted net position was primarily due to an increase in the General Fund expenditures as a result of negotiated wage settlements and a general increase in the costs of materials and supplies combined with increased drop of State revenue due to decrease in resident enrollment and tuition revenue and continued short fall of increased per pupil funding from the State of lowa.

Figure A-4 shows the changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the year ended June 30, 2013.

		Figure A-4 Changes in Net Position (Expressed in Thousands)						
		Governi Activ		Busine: Activ	- 1	To: Dist		Total Change
.		2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2013-2014
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for service	\$	471	561	95	99	566	660	-14,2%
Operating grants, contributions								
and restricted interest		616	718	129	125	745	843	-11.6%
General revenues:								
Property tax		1,401	1,460	_	-	1,401	1,460	-4.0%
Income surtax		61	27	-	_	61	27	125.9%
Statewide sales, services and use tax		349	351	-		349	351	-0.6%
Unrestricted state grants		1,736	1,772	-	_	1,736	1,772	-2.0%
Unrestricted investment earnings		1	1	-	_	1	1	0.0%
Other		71	134		_	71	134	-47.0%
Total revenues		4,706	5,024	224	224	4,930	5,248	-6.1%
n							, , , ,	
Program expenses:								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction		3,505	3,370	-	-	3,505	3,370	4.0%
Support services		1,415	1,433	-	-	1,415	1.433	-1.3%
Non-instructional programs		1	1	250	228	251	229	9.6%
Other expenses		306	254		_	306	254	20.5%
Total expenses		5,227	5,058	250	228	5,477	5,286	3.6%
Change in net position		(521)	(34)	(26)	(4)	(547)	(38)	1339.5%
Net position beginning of year		3,108	3,142	134	138	3,242	3,280	1.2%
Net position end of year	\$ 2	2,587	3,108	108	134	2,695	3,242	-16.9%

In fiscal year 2014, property tax and unrestricted state grants accounted for 66.7% of the revenue from governmental activities while charges for service and operating grants and contributions account for 100.0% of the revenue from the business type activities.

The District's total revenues were approximately \$4.93 million of which approximately \$4.71 million was for governmental activities and approximately \$224,000 was for business type activities.

As shown in figure A-4, the District as a whole experienced a 6.1% decrease in revenues and a 3.6% increase in expenses. The increase in expenses was primarily due increase in insurance costs, an increase in salaries for instructional staff and the addition of some instructional associates in both buildings.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for governmental activities were \$4,705,870 and expenses were \$5,227,468 for the year ended June 30, 2014. In a difficult budget year, the District was able to balance the budget by using funds in reserve to pay for District expenses in fiscal year 2014.

The following table presents the total and net cost of the District's major governmental activities: instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenses, for the year ended June 30, 2014 compared to the year ended June 30, 2013.

	Total	Figure A-5 Total and Net Cost of Governmental Activities (Expressed in Thousands) Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services							
	2014	2013	Change 2013-2014	2014	Cost of Ser 2013	Change 2013-2014			
Instruction Support services Non-instructional programs Other expenses	\$ 3,505 1,415 1 306	3,370 1,433 1 254	4.0% -1.3% 0.0% 20.5%	2,575 1,407 1	2,240 1,429 1 109	15.0% -1.5% 0.0% 44.0%			
Totals	\$ 5,227	5,058	3.3%	<u>4</u> ,140	3,779	9.6%			

For the year ended June 30, 2014:

- The cost financed by users of the District's programs was \$470,490.
- Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$616,427.
- The net cost of governmental activities was financed with \$1,810,790 in property and other taxes and \$1,736,135 in unrestricted state grants.

Business Type Activities

Revenues for business type activities were \$223,780 representing a .45% decrease under the prior year while expenses totaled \$249,855, a 9.37% increase over the prior year. The District's business type activities include the School Nutrition Fund. Revenues for these activities were comprised of charges for service, federal and state reimbursements and investment income.

INDIVIDUAL FUND ANALYSIS

As previously noted, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds, as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$441,020 well below last year's ending fund balances of \$914,776. The fund balance decrease is primarily due to costs associated with instructional personnel and expenses of providing services as well as a decrease in revenues in the General Fund due to inadequate state funding, declining resident enrollment and a steep decline in tuition in students.

Governmental Fund Highlights

- The District's General Fund financial position is the result of many factors. We have attempted to match revenues with expenditures in order to avoid deficit spending. The decrease in State funds resulted in a decrease in revenues. The decrease in State funds is the result of multiple years of declining enrollment and a sharp decrease in tuition in students. As a result, the District used carryover fund balance to meet its financial obligations during the year. The staff and administration have worked hard to keep costs to a minimum while still offering our students the best education possible.
- The General Fund balance decreased from \$584,782 to \$16,680 a 97.15% decrease. The impact of declining enrollment remains to have an adverse on the General Fund balance.
- The Capital Projects Fund balance increased from \$233,328 at the end of fiscal year 2013 to \$349,485 at the end
 of fiscal year 2014. The increase can be attributed to the accumulation of funds from the Statewide local option
 sales tax program for school infrastructure.

Proprietary Fund Highlights

School Nutrition Fund net position decreased from \$134,221 at June 30, 2013 to \$108,146 at June 30, 2014, representing a decrease of approximately 19.43%. The District has worked hard to not stockpile supplies and to be efficient in the preparation and serving of the food. We hope through the continued use of sound purchasing practices we are able to keep the costs down. With the trend of declining enrollment, revenue is decreased because fewer meals are being served.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The District's revenues were \$59,293 less than budgeted revenues, a variance of -1.19%. The most significant variance resulted from the District receiving less money from local sources than originally anticipated, mainly due to not knowing until when school starts the total number of tuition in students.

Total expenditures were less than budgeted, due primarily to the District's budget for the General Fund. It is the District's practice to budget expenditures at the maximum authorized spending authority for the General Fund. The District then manages or controls General Fund spending through its line-item budget. As a result, the District's certified budget should always exceed actual expenditures for the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2014, the District had invested approximately \$2.559 million, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, athletic facilities, computers, audio-visual equipment and transportation equipment. (See Figure A-6) This represents a net decrease of 1.5% from last year. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements. Depreciation expense for the year was \$201,475 for both governmental and business type activities.

The original cost of the District's capital assets was approximately \$6.03 million. Governmental funds account for approximately \$5.89 million, with the remainder of approximately \$139,000 accounted for in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

During the year, the increases in assets were the costs incurred to perform building repairs, renovations and facility improvements, and new vehicles and equipment. The decrease in net assets during the year was due to depreciation expense in excess of new purchases for the year.

	_				Figure A- ssets, net of essed in Th	Depreciation	on	
	Governmental Activities June 30,		Business type Activities June 30.		Total District June 30.		Total Change June 30,	
	2	014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	2013-2014
Land Buildings Improvements other than buildings Furniture and equipment	\$	22 1,269 723 494	22 1,323 764 430	- - - 51	- - - 60	22 1,269 723 545	22 1,323 764 490	0.0% -4.1% -5.4% 11.2%
Totals	\$ 2	2,508	2,539	51	60	2,559	2,599	-1.5%

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2014, the District had \$0 in long-term debt outstanding.

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

- The District experienced a decrease in enrollment by 15 students in the fall of 2014. The District has
 gone from serving 502 students in 2006 to 360 in 2014, a decrease of 142 students. This will negatively
 affect our General Fund balances in the future.
- The District has taken measures to maintain the current facilities. The District is currently free from any debt obligations.
- Fiscal 2014 negotiations with the Professional Educators of Twin Cedars for the 2014-15 school year took more money than the new monies received by the District. The District will negotiate a new agreement during fiscal 2015 for the 2015-2016 school year. Settlements in excess of "new money" or allowable growth in state funding will have an adverse effect on the District's General Fund budget and related fund balance. Because of the District's decline in enrollment, this will significantly impact General Fund balances.
- The District is going to continue to decrease staff and cut expenditures in an attempt to lower over all
 district costs. The districts budget authority is in serious decline. The district will have to ask patrons
 for a significant increase in cash reserve levy in FY16 to attempt to remedy the cash flow problem.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Brian VanderSluis, Superintendent, Twin Cedars Community School District, 2204 HWY G71, Bussey, Iowa, 50044.

Basic Financial Statements

Exhibit A

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

	Governmental	Business Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
		7.207.11.00	10111
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 798,580	45,032	843,612
Receivables:			•
Property tax:			
Delinquent	30,026	-	30,026
Succeeding year	1,576,929	-	1,576,929
Accounts	3,480	-	3,480
Due from other governments	235,665	170	235,835
Inventories	-	14,064	14,064
Capital assets, net of accumulated		-	•
depreciation	2,507,540	50,802	2,558,342
Total assets	5,152,220	110,068	5,262,288
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	24 270		2.555
Salaries and benefits payable	24,270	1.600	24,270
Advances from grantors	417,118	1,680	418,798
Due to other governments	17,408	-	17,408
Unearned revenue	113,064	7.40	113,064
Long-term liabilities:	-	242	242
Portion due within one year:			
Early retirement	20,009		22.222
Compensated absences		-	20,009
Portion due after one year:	7,613	-	7,613
Early retirement	36,972		26.050
Net OPEB liability	352,238	-	36,972
Total liabilities	988,692	1,922	352,238
	700,072	1,722	990,614
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable property tax revenue	1,576,929		1,576,929
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	2,507,540	50.000	0.550.040
Restricted for:	2,507,570	50,802	2,558,342
Categorical funding	67,817	_	67,817
Management levy purposes	5,320	_	5,320
Student activities	69,535	_	
School infrastructure	316,763	- -	69,535 316,763
Physical plant and equipment	32,722		
Unrestricted	(413,098)	57,344	32,722 (355,754)
	(110,000)	21,377	(355,754)
Total net position	\$ 2,586,599	108,146	2,694,745

Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2014

					N	et (Expense) Reven	11e	
		Program Revenues			and Changes in Net Position			
			Operating	Capital				
			Grants,	Grants,				
			Contributions	Contributions				
		Charges for	and Restricted	and Restricted	Governmental	Business Type		
Functions / Programs:	Expenses	Service	Interest	Interest	Activities	Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:			-				10411	
Instruction:								
Regular instruction								
Special instruction	\$ 2,079,152	259,385	364,155	_	(1,455,612)	_	(1,455,612)	
Other instruction	796,452	72,030	85,782	_	(638,640)	_	(638,640)	
Other menderion	629,747	139,075	9,465		(481,207)	_	(481,207)	
Support services:	3,505,351	470,490	459,402		(2,575,459)		(2,575,459)	
Student							(=,0,0,4,09)	
Instructional staff	86,662	-	•	-	(86,662)	_	(86,662)	
Administration	135,739	-	•	-	(135,739)	-	(135,739)	
	418,757	-	-	_	(418,757)	_	(418,757)	
Operation and maintenance of plant Transportation	445,739	•	-	_	(445,739)	_	(445,739)	
renshormanti	328,559		8,589	_	(319,970)	_	(319,970)	
	1,415,456		8,589	-	(1,406,867)		(1,406,867)	
Non-instructional annual					. <u> </u>		(1,700,007)	
Non-instructional programs	1,032			-	(1,032)		(1,032)	
Other expenditures:							(1,032)	
Facilities acquisition								
	103,379	-	-	_	(103,379)	_	(103,379)	
AEA flowthrough	148,436	-	148,436	_		_	(103,279)	
Depreciation (unallocated)*	53,814			_	(53,814)	_	(53,814)	
	305,629		148,436		(157,193)		(157,193)	
Total governmental activities	5,227,468	470 100		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			(151,153)	
Z	2,227,400	470,490	616,427	-	(4,140,551)	•	(4,140,551)	
Business type activities:							•	
Non-instructional programs:								
Food service operations	249,855	94.978	100 644					
·	#TJ,UJJ	94,978	128,744			(26,133)	(26,133)	
Total	<u>\$ 5,477,323</u>	565,468	745,171		(4,140,551)	(0.0122)		
•	:				(4,140,271)	(26,133)	(4,166,684)	
General Revenues:								
Property tax levied for:								
General purposes					\$ 1,367,159			
Capital outlay					33,887	-	1,367,159	
Statewide sales, services and use tax					348,428	•	33,887	
Income surtax					61,316	-	348,428	
Unrestricted state grants					1,736,135	-	61,316	
Unrestricted investment earnings					1,730,133 874	-	1,736,135	
Gain on disposition of capital assets					18,266	58	932	
Other					52,888	-	18,266	
					32,000		52,888	
Total general revenues					3,618,953	58	3,619,011	
Change in net position								
•					(521,598)	(26,075)	(547,673)	
Net position beginning of year					3,108,197	134,221	3,242,418	
Net position end of year				•			J,-14,710	
				=	\$ 2,586,599	108,146	2,694,745	

[•] This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

	C 1	Capital		
	General	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables: Property tax:	\$ 469,176	253,147	76,257	798,580
Delinquent	27,480	726	1 000	20.00.5
Succeeding year	1,426,929	720	1,820	30,026
Accounts	3,480	. -	150,000	1,576,929
Due from other governments	133,690	101,975		3,480 235,665
Total assets	\$ 2,060,755	355,848	228,077	2,644,680
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resour and Fund Balances	ces			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable				
Salaries and benefits payable	\$ 14,685	6,363	3,222	24,270
Advances from grantors	417,118	-	-	417,118
Due to other governments	17,408	-	-	17,408
Total liabilities	113,064 562,275		2 000	113,064
		6,363	3,222	571,860
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable revenues:				
Succeeding year property tax	1,426,929		150 000	1 ==
Other	_ 54,871	-	150,000	1,576,929
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,481,800	-	150,000	54,871 1,631,800
Fund balances:				1,001,000
Restricted for:				
Categorical funding				
Management levy purposes	67,817	-	-	67,817
Student activities	-	-	5,320	5,320
School infrastructure	-	216 262	69,535	69,535
Physical plant and equipment	-	316,763	-	316,763
Unassigned	(51,137)	32,722	-	32,722
Total fund balances	16,680	349,485	74,855	(51,137) 441,020
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources and fund balances	\$ 2,060,755	355,848	228,077	2,644,680

Exhibit D

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

Total fund balances of governmental funds (page 21)

\$ 441,020

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.

2,507,540

Other long-term assets are not available to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are recognized as deferred inflows of resources in the governmental funds.

54,871

Long-term liabilities, including early retirement, compensated absences and other postemployment benefits payable, are not due and payable in the current year and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

(416,832)

Net positon of governmental activities (page 19)

\$ 2,586,599

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

		Capital	·-	
	General	Projects	Nonmajor	Total
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax	\$ 1,342,117	31,776	84,921	1,458,814
Tuition	349,666	_	-	349,666
Other	58,883	2,312	139,074	200,269
State sources	2,248,643	348,427	-	2,597,070
Federal sources	104,185	_	-	104,185
Total revenues	4,103,494	382,515	223,995	4,710,004
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	2,059,997	_	48,825	2,108,822
Special	745,067	_	4,572	749,639
Other	522,329	_	132,395	654,724
	3,327,393		185,792	3,513,185
Support services:			105,792	7,17,162
Student	85,999	_	663	86,662
Instructional staff	134,766	_	973	135,739
Administration	385,209	2,525	14,208	401,942
Operation and maintenance of plant	332,926	17,416	30,555	380,897
Transportation	256,867	85,929	12,583	
	1,195,767	105,870	58,982	355,379 1,360,619
				1,500,015
Non-instructional programs		-	1,032	1,032
Other expenditures:				_
Facilities acquisition	_	160,488		160 400
AEA flowthrough	148,436	100,400	-	160,488 148,436
	148,436	160,488		308,924
Total expenditures	4,671,596	266,358	245,806	5,183,760
			2 10,000	2,102,700
Change in fund balances	(568,102)	116,157	(21,811)	(473,756)
Fund balances beginning of year	584,782	233,328	96,666	914,776
Fund balances end of year	\$ 16,680	349,485	74,855	441,020

Exhibit F

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2014

Net c	hange in	fund	balances -	total	governmental	funds	(page 23))
-------	----------	------	------------	-------	--------------	-------	-----------	---

\$ (473,756)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, those costs are not reported in the Statement of Activities and are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. Capital outlay expenditures were less than depreciation expense in the current year, as follows:

Expenditures for capital assets Depreciation expense	\$ 142,420 (191,817)	(49,397)
In the Statement of Activities, the gain on the disposition of capital assets is reported, whereas the governmental funds report the proceeds from the disposition as an increase in financial resources.		10.000
2 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 23 - 23 -		18,266
Certain revenues not collected for several months after year end are not		
considered available revenue and are deferred in the governmental funds.		(22,400)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, as follows:		
Early retirement	5 5 1 4	
Compensated absences	5,514	
Other postemployment benefits	(803) 978	5,689
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 316	3,069
Change in net position of governmental activities (page 20)		\$ (521,598)

Exhibit G

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2014

	Nonmajor Enterprise, School Nutrition
Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,032
Due from other governments	ψ +3,032 170
Inventories	14,064
Total current assets	59,266
Noncurrent assets:	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	50,802
Total noncurrent assets	50,802
Total assets	110,068
Liabilities	•
Current liabilities:	
Salaries and benefits payable	1,680
Unearned revenue	242
Total current liabilities	1,922
Total liabilities	1,922
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	EN 800
Unrestricted	50,802 57,344
	37,344
Total net position	\$ 108,146

Exhibit H

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2014

Operating revenues: Local sources: Charges for service	Nonmajor Enterprise, School Nutrition \$ 94,978
Operating expenses:	
Non-instructional programs:	
Food service operations:	
Salaries	106,413
Benefits	15,476
Purchased services	8,245
Supplies	110,063
Depreciation	9,658
Total operating expenses	249,855
Operating loss	(154,877)
Non-operating revenues:	
State sources	1,935
Federal sources	126,809
Interest income	58
Total non-operating revenues	128,802
(Decrease) in net position	(26,075)
Net position beginning of year	134,221
Net position end of year	\$ 108,146

Exhibit I

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year ended June 30, 2014

	Nonmajor Enterprise, School Nutrition
	14001000
Cash flows from operating activities:	
Cash received from sale of lunches and breakfasts	\$ 95,033
Cash paid to employees for services	(121,752)
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	
Net cash used by operating activities	(98,876)
	(125,595)
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:	
State grants received	1.025
Federal grants received	1,935
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	112,191
stationary provided by non-capital inflationing activities	114,126
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Interest on investments	
	58
Net (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(11, 411)
, — and vani oqui, monto	(11,411)
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	55.440
of your	56,443
Cash and cash equivalents end of year	P 45.000
	\$ 45,032
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	
Operating loss	
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by	\$ (154,877)
operating activities:	
Commodities used	
Depreciation	14,448
Depreciation Decrease in inventories	9,658
	4,984
Increase in salaries and benefits payable	137
Increase in unearned revenue	55
Not each wood by an artists a state	
Net cash used by operating activities	\$ (125,595)

Non-cash investing, capital and financing activities:

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the District received \$14,448 of federal commodities.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Twin Cedars Community School District (District) is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa and operates public schools for children in grades kindergarten through twelve and pre-kindergarten. Additionally, the District either operates or sponsors various adult education programs. These courses include remedial education as well as vocational and recreational courses. The geographic area served includes the City of Bussey, Iowa, and the predominate agricultural territory in Marion and Mahaska Counties. The District is governed by a Board of Education whose members are elected on a non-partisan basis.

The District's financial statements are prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

A. Reporting Entity

For financial reporting purposes, the District has included all funds, organizations, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria include appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the District. The District has no component units which meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board criteria.

<u>Jointly Governed Organizations</u> - The District participates in a jointly governed organization that provides services to the District but do not meet the criteria of a joint venture since there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility by the participating governments. The District is a member of the Marion County Assessor's Conference Board.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by tax and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for service.

The Statement of Net Position presents the District's nonfiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in the following categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants, contributions and interest restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Property tax and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds. Combining schedules are also included for the Capital Project Fund accounts.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. All general tax revenues and other revenues that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, including instructional, support and other costs.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for all resources used in the acquisition and construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District proprietary fund is the Enterprise, School Nutrition Fund. This fund is used to account for the food service operations of the District.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property tax is recognized as revenue in the year for which it is levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end.

Property tax, intergovernmental revenues (shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments) and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences are recognized as expenditures only when payment is due. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then general revenues.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's policy is generally to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to less-restrictive classifications – committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's Enterprise Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for Enterprise Funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The District maintains its financial records on the cash basis. The financial statements of the District are prepared by making memorandum adjusting entries to the cash basis financial records.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Equity

The following accounting policies are followed in preparing the financial statements:

Cash and Cash Equivalents - The cash balances of most District funds are pooled and invested.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all short-term cash investments that are highly liquid are considered to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and, at the day of purchase, have a maturity date no longer than three months.

<u>Property Tax Receivable</u> - Property tax in governmental funds is accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Property tax receivable is recognized in these funds on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the Board of Education. Delinquent property tax receivable represents unpaid taxes for the current and prior years. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Education to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for the next fiscal year. By statute, the District is required to certify its budget in April of each year for the subsequent fiscal year. However, by statute, the tax asking and budget certification for the following fiscal year becomes effective on the first day of that year. Although the succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded, the related revenue is deferred in both the government-wide and fund financial statements and will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

Property tax revenue recognized in these funds become due and collectible in September and March of the fiscal year with a 1 1/2% per month penalty for delinquent payments; is based on January 1, 2012 assessed property valuations; is for the tax accrual period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014 and reflects the tax asking contained in the budget certified to the County Board of Supervisors in April 2013.

<u>Due From Other Governments</u> - Due from other governments represents amounts due from the State of Iowa, various shared revenues, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

<u>Inventories</u> - Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for purchased items and government commodities. Inventories of proprietary funds are recorded as expenses when consumed rather than when purchased or received.

<u>Capital Assets</u> — Capital assets, which include property, furniture and equipment and intangibles are reported in applicable governmental or business type activities columns in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repair that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of the following thresholds and estimated useful lives in excess of two years.

Asset Class		Amount
Land	S	2,000
Buildings		10,000
Improvements other than buildings		10,000
Intangibles		25,000
Furniture and equipment:		
School Nutrition Fund equipment		500
Other furniture and equipment		5,000

Capital assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives (In Years)	
Buildings	50	
Improvements other than buildings	20-50	
Intangibles	5-10	
Furniture and equipment	5-15	

<u>Salaries and Benefits Payable</u> - Payroll and related expenditures for teachers and other school personnel with annual contracts corresponding to the current school year, which are payable in July and August, have been accrued as liabilities.

Advances from Grantors - Grant proceeds which have been received by the District but will be spent in a succeeding fiscal year.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> – Unearned revenues are monies collected for meals that have not yet been served. The meal account balances will either be reimbursed, or will be used when meals are served. The meal account balances are reflected in the Statement of Net Position in the Proprietary, School Nutrition Fund.

Compensated Absences – District employees accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation for subsequent use or for payment upon termination, death or retirement. A liability is recorded when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental fund financial statements only for employees that have resigned or retired. The compensated absences liability has been computed based on rates of pay in effect at June 30, 2014. The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

<u>Long-term Liabilities</u> – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities column in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> — Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources in the governmental fund financial statements represent the amount of assets that have been recognized, but the related revenue has not been recognized since the assets are not collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Deferred inflows of resources consist of income surtax, as well as property tax receivable and other receivables not collected within sixty days after year end.

Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied.

 $\underline{\text{Fund Equity}}$ – In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Restricted – Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unassigned</u> – All amounts not included in the preceding classification.

E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The budgetary comparison and related disclosures are reported as Required Supplementary Information.

(2) CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2014 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to insure there will be no loss of public funds.

The District is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Education; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

(3) IOWA SCHOOL CASH ANTICIPATION PROGRAM (ISCAP)

The District participates in the Iowa School Cash Anticipation Program (ISCAP). ISCAP is a program of the Iowa Association of School Boards and is designed to provide funds to participating entities during periods of cash deficits. ISCAP is funded by an annual issuance of anticipatory warrants. The warrant sizing of each school corporation is based on a projection of cash flow needs during the fiscal year. Bankers Trust Co. NA is the trustee for the program.

The District pledges its state foundation aid payments and General Fund receipts as security for the warrants issued. Repayments must be made when General Fund receipts are received. The District must make minimum warrant repayments on the 25th of each month immediately following the final date the warrant proceeds may be used in an amount equal to 25% of the warrant amount. The Series 2013-2014 ONE included taxable warrants only. The interest rates on the Series 2013-2014 ONE warrants are variable rates, calculated daily, based on the one-month LIBOR rate plus 105 basis points. The LIBOR rate at June 30, 2014 was 0.1524%. The District had no ISCAP activity during fiscal year 2014.

(4) CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

Balance Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balance End of Year
\$ 22.375			00.775
		_	22,375
		-	22,375
3 610 402			3,610,402
	12 530	_	1,191,140
	-	170 004	1,066,979
			5,868,521
	100,121	170,054	2,808,321
2,287,975	53.814	-	2,341,789
	-	-	468,593
651,490	-	162,359	572,974
			3,383,356
2,516,296	(23,396)	7,735	2,485,165
\$ 2,538,671	(23,396)	7,735	2,507,540
\$ 139,182	<u>-</u>	-	139,182
78,722	9,658		88,380
			7
\$ 60,460	(9,658)		50,802
	\$ 22,375 22,375 22,375 3,610,402 1,178,610 1,081,182 5,870,194 2,287,975 414,433 651,490 3,353,898 2,516,296 \$ 2,538,671 \$ 139,182 78,722	\$ 22,375	Beginning of Year Increases Decreases \$ 22,375 - - 22,375 - - 3,610,402 - - 1,178,610 12,530 - 1,081,182 155,891 170,094 5,870,194 168,421 170,094 2,287,975 53,814 - 414,433 54,160 - 651,490 83,843 162,359 3,353,898 191,817 162,359 2,516,296 (23,396) 7,735 \$ 2,538,671 (23,396) 7,735 \$ 139,182 - - 78,722 9,658 -

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions:

Governmental activities:		
Instruction:		
Other	\$	6,420
Support services:	•	0, 120
Administration		9,053
Operation and maintenance of plant		64,039
Transportation		58,491
77 11		138,003
Unallocated		53,814
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$	191,817
Business type activities:		
Food service operations	_\$_	9,658

(5) LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2014 are summarized as follows:

	Balance Beginning of Year	Additions	Reductions	Balance End of Year	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Early retirement Compensated absences	\$ 62,495 6,810	11,657 7,613	17,171 6,810	56,981 7,613	20,009 7,613
Net OPEB liability	353,216	16,193	17,171	352,238	
Total	\$ 422,521	35,463	41,152	416,832	27,622

Early Retirement

A. In March 2011, the District approved a voluntary early retirement plan for employees. Eligible employees must have completed 30 consecutive years of full-time service to the District and must be at least age 55 on or before June 30 of the year in which the licensed employee wishes to retire. The application for early retirement was subject to approval by the Board of Education.

Upon retirement, the licensed employee is eligible to continue participation in the District's group insurance plan at the District's expense for 62 months or until the employee is eligible for Medicare, whichever comes first, by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

At June 30, 2014, the District has obligations to two participants with a total liability of \$24,358. Actual early retirement expenditures under this plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$11,447. Only employees retiring at the end of the 2010-2011 school year were eligible for this plan.

B. In February 2012, the District approved a voluntary early retirement plan for employees. Eligible employees must have completed 30 consecutive years of full-time service to the District and must be at least age 55 on or before June 30 of the year in which the licensed employee wishes to retire. The application for early retirement was subject to approval by the Board of Education.

Upon retirement, the licensed employee is eligible to continue participation in the District's group insurance plan at the District's expense for 60 months or until the employee is eligible for Medicare, whichever comes first, by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

At June 30, 2014, the District has obligations to one participant with a total liability of \$16,529. Actual early retirement expenditures under this plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$5,724. Only employees retiring at the end of the 2011-2012 school year were eligible for this plan.

C. In February 2014, the District approved a voluntary early retirement plan for employees. Eligible employees must have completed 25 consecutive years of full-time service to the District and must be at-least-age-55-on-or-before-June-30 of-the-year-in-which-the-licensed-employee-wishes-to-retire. The application for early retirement was subject to approval by the Board of Education.

Upon retirement, the licensed employee is eligible to continue participation in the District's group insurance plan at the District's expense, up to a maximum of \$600 per month for 37 months or until the employee is eligible for Medicare, whichever comes first, by meeting the requirements of the insurer.

At June 30, 2014, the District has obligations to one participant with a total liability of \$16,094. Actual early retirement expenditures under this plan for the year ended June 30, 2014 totaled \$0. Only employees retiring at the end of the 2013-2014 school year were eligible for this plan.

There was one new participant in the early retirement program in fiscal year 2014. The total liability was adjusted in fiscal year 2014 to account for the increase in premiums in the year.

(6) OPERATING LEASE

The District entered into a lease on January 23, 2012 to lease copier equipment, which includes maintenance service, at \$2,623 per month. The lease has been classified as an operating lease and, accordingly, all rents are charged to expense as incurred. The lease expires on January 23, 2017.

The following is a schedule of future payments required under the operating lease which has an initial or remaining non-cancelable lease term in excess of one year as of June 30, 2014:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
	Amount
2015	\$ 31,476
2016	31,476
2017	18,361
	\$ 81,313

During the fiscal year, total expenditures incurred in relation to this lease agreement were \$31,476.

(7) PENSION AND RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The District contributes to the lowa Public Employees Retirement System (IPERS) which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of Iowa. IPERS provides retirement and death benefits which are established by State statute to plan members and beneficiaries. IPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to IPERS, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa, 50306-9117.

Plan members are required to contribute 5.95% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 8.93% of annual covered salary. Contribution requirements are established by state statute. The District's contributions to IPERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$248,161, \$228,123 and \$210,050, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

(8) OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u> - The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan which provides medical and prescription drug benefits for employees, retirees and their spouses. There are 42 active and 3 retired members in the plan. Retired participants must be age 55 or older at retirement.

The medical/prescription drug benefits are provided through a partially-insured plan with Wellmark, with the District covering the difference in deductible amounts for purchased plans with those paid by employees. Retirees under age 65 pay the same premium for the medical/prescription drug benefit as active employees, which results in an implicit rate subsidy and an OPEB liability.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the District. The District currently finances the retiree benefit plan on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The District's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the District, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding which, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year ended June 30, 2014, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 14,212
Interest on net OPEB obligation	15,895
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(13,914)
Annual OPEB cost	16,193
Contributions made	(17,171)
Decrease in net OPEB obligation	(978)
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	353,216
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 352,238

For calculation of the net OPEB obligation, the actuary has set the transition day as July 1, 2009. The end of year net OPEB obligation was calculated by the actuary as the cumulative difference between the actuarially determined funding requirements and the actual contributions for the year ended June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District contributed \$17,171 to the medical plan. Plan members eligible for benefits contributed \$7,060, or 29% of the premium cost.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation as of June 30, 2014 are summarized as follows:

Year Ended	Annual	Percentage of Annual OPEB	Net OPEB
June 30,	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
	·		
2012	\$ 133,122	1 2.8%	\$ 351,690
2013	16,916	91.0%	353,216
2014	16,193	106.0%	352,238

<u>Funded Status and Funding Progress</u> - As of July 1, 2012, the most recent actuarial valuation date for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2014, the actuarial accrued liability was \$128,487, with no actuarial value of assets, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$128,487. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was approximately \$1,634,000 and the ratio of the UAAL to covered payroll was 7.86%. As of June 30, 2014, there were no trust fund assets.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality and the health care cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as Required Supplementary Information in the section following the Notes to Financial Statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

As of the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation date, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 4.5% discount rate based on the District's funding policy.

Mortality rates are from the *Life Expectancy Table* from National Center for Health Statistics updated in 2008, applied on a gender-specific basis. Annual retirement and termination probabilities were developed from the table 1 in GASB Statement 45.

Projected claim costs of the medical plan are \$481 per month for retirees less than age 65. The salary increase rate was assumed to be 4% per year. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll expense on an open basis over 30 years.

(9) RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance. The District assumes liability for any deductibles and claims in excess of coverage limitations. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District has a partially self-funded health insurance program. The District funds the difference between the deductible and out-of-pocket maximum on the plan chosen by the employee and the plan actually purchased by the District, per plan. This difference consists of a maximum District cost of \$4,000 for a single plan and \$8,000 for a family plan. The District incurred \$11,135 in costs related to this program for the year ended June 30, 2014. The District funds these costs from the General Fund as claims are incurred.

(10) AREA EDUCATION AGENCY

The District is required by the Code of Iowa to budget for its share of special education support, media and educational services provided through the Area Education Agency. The District's actual amount for this purpose totaled \$148,436 for the year ended June 30, 2014 and is recorded in the General Fund by making a memorandum adjusting entry to the cash basis financial statements.

(11) CATEGORICAL FUNDING

The District's restricted fund balance for categorical funding at June 30, 2014 is comprised of the following programs:

Program	Amount
Beginning teacher mentoring and induction program Educator quality, market factor	\$ 4,338· — 5,735
Educator quality, professional development Teacher quality basic	23,004
Teacher quality, core cirriculum Teacher leadership grants	1,601 3,493
Four-year old preschool state aid	6,394 23,252
Total	\$ 67,817

(12) DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

The General Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$51,137 at June 30, 2014. The deficit balance was a result of the cumulative effect of reductions in state funding received and salary increases approved in the prior years. This deficit will be eliminated through reductions in future expenditures.

(13) SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through March 6, 2015, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

(14) PROSPECTIVE ACCOUNTING CHANGE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 68, <u>Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an Amendment of GASB No. 27</u>. This statement will be implemented for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, the Statement of Net Position Is expected to include a significant liability for the government's proportionate share of the employee pension plan.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Balances -Budget and Actual - All Governmental Funds and Proprietary Fund

Required Supplementary Information

Year ended June 30, 2014

	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Fund	Total	Budgeted	Amounts	Final to Actual
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Original	Final	Variance
Revenues:						
Local sources	\$ 2,008,749	95,036	2 102 705	2 500 840	2 505 846	(100.001)
State sources	2,597,070	1.935	2,103,785 2,599,005	2,506,846	2,506,846	(403,061)
Federal sources	104,185	1,933	230,994	2,208,231	2,208,231	390,774
Total revenues	4,710,004	223,780	4,933,784	278,000 4,993,077	278,000 4,993,077	(47,006)
	1,710,007	223,700	4,7,7,7,704	4,553,077	4,993,077	(59,293)
Expenditures/Expenses:						
Instruction	3,513,185	_	3,513,185	3,617,498	3,920,000	406,815
Support services	1,360,619	-	1,360,619	1,480,711	1,480,711	120,092
Non-instructional programs	1,032	249,855	250,887	253,012	253,012	2,125
Other expenditures	308,924	· -	308,924	415,147	415,147	106,223
Total expenditures/expenses	5,183,760	249,855	5,433,615	5,766,368	6,068,870	635,255
T*						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					•	
over (under) expenditures/expenses	(473,756)	(26,075)	(499,831)	(773,291)	(1,075,793)	575,962
Other financing sources, net						
Onici financing sources, net		-		- _	-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other						
financing sources over (under)						
expenditures/expenses and other financing uses	(473,756)	(26,075)	(499,831)	(773 201)	(1.075.702)	575 OCD
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(112,120)	(50,017)	(422,021)	(773,291)	(1,075,793)	575,962
Balances beginning of year	914,776	134,221	1,048,997	851,582	851,582	197,415
			-30,	551,502	021,202	171,413
Balances end of year	\$ 441,020	108,146	549,166	78,291	(224,211)	773,377

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Reporting

Year ended June 30, 2014

This budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standard Board Statement No. 41 for governments with significant budgetary perspective differences resulting from not being able to present budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and each major Special Revenue Fund.

In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Education annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearing for all funds except Private Purpose Trust and Agency Funds. The budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily prescribed procedures. The Twin Cedars Community School District's (District) budget is prepared on the GAAP basis.

Formal and legal budgetary control for the certified budget is based upon four major classes of expenditures known as functions, not by fund. These four functions are instruction, support services, non-instructional programs and other expenditures. Although the budget document presents function expenditures or expenses by fund, the legal level of control is at the aggregated function level, not by fund. The Code of Iowa also provides District expenditures in the General Fund may not exceed the amount authorized by the school finance formula. During the year, the District adopted one budget amendment, increasing budgeted expenditures by \$302,502.

During the year ended June 30, 2014, disbursements did not exceed expenditures.

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Retiree Health Plan (In Thousands)

Required Supplementary Information

			Actuarial		-			UAAL as a
		Actuarial	Accrued	Unfunded				Percentage
Year	Actuarial	Value of	Liability	AAL	Funded	С	overed	of Covered
Ended	Valuation	Assets	(AAL)	(UAAL)	Ratio	P	ayroll	Payroll
June 30,	Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)
2010	July 1, 2009	-	\$ 1,044	1,044	0.0%	\$	2,655	39.3%
2011	July 1, 2009	-	1,044	1,044	0.0%		2,692	38.8%
2012	July 1, 2009	-	1,044	1,044	0.0%		2,624	39.8%
2013	July 1, 2012	-	128	128	0.0%		1,851	6.9%
2014	July 1, 2012	-	128	128	0.0%		1,634	7.9%

See Note 8 in the accompanying Notes to Financial Statements for the plan description, funding policy, annual OPEB cost, net OPEB obligation, funded status and funding progress.

Supplementary Information

Schedule 1

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

		Special R	- Carrana	
	<u>—</u>	anagement	Student	
		Levy	Activity	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,722	69,535	76,257
Receivables:	_	0,1.2.2	67,555	10,231
Property tax:				
Delinquent		1,820	-	1,820
Succeeding year		150,000	-	150,000
Total assets	_\$	158,542	69,535	228,077
	<u></u>			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resource and Fund Balances	S			
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	3,222	-	3,222
Total liabilities		3,222		3,222
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable revenues:				
Succeeding year property tax		150,000	-	150,000
Total deferred inflows of resources		150,000	-	150,000
Fund balances: Restricted for:				
Management levy purposes		5,320		£ 220
Student activities		2,220	69,535	5,320
Total fund balances		5,320	69,535	69,535 74,855
		-,	0,555	74,633
Total-liabilities, deferred-inflows of				
resources and fund balances	_\$	158,542	69,535	228,077
				1

Schedule 2

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year ended June 30, 2014

		Special R	Levenue	
	Ma	nagement	Student	
		Levy	Activity	Total
Revenues:				
Local sources:				
Local tax	\$	84,921	_	84,921
Other	~	0,,52,	139,074	139,074
Total revenues		84,921	139,074	223,995
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular		48,825	_	48,825
Special		4,572		4,572
Other		3,704	128,691	132,395
Support services:		-,	120,051	102,000
Student		663	-	663
Instructional staff		973	_	973
Administration		14,208	-	14,208
Operation and maintenance of plant		30,555	<u></u>	30,555
Transportation		12,583	_	12,583
Non-instructional programs		1,032	_	1,032
Total expenditures		117,115	128,691	245,806
Change in fund balances		(32,194)	10,383	(21,811)
Fund balances beginning of year		37,514	59,152	96,666
Fund balances end of year	_\$_	5,320	69,535	74,855

Schedule of Changes in Special Revenue Fund, Student Activity Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2014

·		Balance ginning of			I	To .1
Account	DC	Year	Revenues	F	Intrafund	Balance End
170004		1 Cat	Revenues	Expenditures	Transfers	of Year
High School Tag	\$	185	590	285	_	490
Co-Ed Athletics		929	14,750	15,706	_	(27)
Boys Athletics		11,052	26,028	21,672	_	15,408
Boys Basketball		-	1,010	1,215		(205)
Football		3,503	4,008	2,022	_	5,489
Baseball		1,319	4,486	1,554	_	4,251
Girls Athletics		3,392	14,770	15,233	_	2,929
Softball		262	2,079	590	_	1,751
Activity Tickets		450	_,,,,	570	_	450
Boys Track		338	_	_		338
Girls Basketball		437	455	479	_	413
Volleyball		4,530	5,555	2,561	_	7,524
Pep Club		215	354	360	_	209
Yearbook		16,089	3,600	9,172		10,517
FFA		1	29,343	27,521		1,823
High School Student Council		691	1,151	929	_	913
Elementary Student Council		4,751	3,362	3,794		4,319
Elementary Fundraisers		1,174	2,372	1,747		1,799
Technology Club		352	1,187	1,438		1,799
Archery Club		36	-,,,,,,	1,450		36
National Honor Society		_	808	499	_	309
High School Music		136	-	رر.	_	136
High School Colorguard		8	_	_		8
Class of 2012		2	_	_	(2)	o
Class of 2013		3,588	_		(3,588)	_
Class of 2014		753	16,727	15,806	3,590	5,264
Class of 2015		118	1,606	1,651	۵۶۵۶۸	2,204 73
Class of 2016		-	18	1,051		18
Art Club		83	109	245	-	(53)
Cheerleaders		1,992	2,071	2,320	-	
Orill Team	-	2,766	2,635	1,892	<u> </u>	1,743 3,509
Total	\$	59,152	139,074	128,691		69,535

Schedule 4

Combining Balance Sheet Capital Project Accounts

June 30, 2014

			Capital Projects	
	Sal	Statewide es, Services d Use Tax	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
Assets	_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	221,151	31,996	253,147
Receivables: Property tax:			ŕ	,
Delinquent		=	726	726
Due from other governments		101,975		101,975
Total assets	\$	323,126	32,722	355,848
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances				

Liabilities: Accounts payable	_			
Total liabilities		6,363		6,363
. Oth Hadiffies		6,363		6,363
Deferred inflows of resources:				
None				
Fund balances: Restricted for:				
School infrastructure		216 262		
Physical plant and equipment		316,763	- 20 700	316,763
Total fund balances		316,763	32,722 32,722	32,722 349,485
		1, 000	عدد ا وحد	27,403
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of			* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	-
resources and fund balances	\$	323,126	32,722	355,848

¹ See accompanying independent auditor's report.

Schedule 5

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Capital Project Accounts

Year ended June 30, 2014

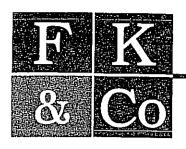
		Capital Projects	
	Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax	Physical Plant and Equipment Levy	Total
Revenues:			
Local sources:			
Local tax	\$ -	31,776	21 776
Other	201	2,111	31,776
State sources	348,427	2,111	2,312 348,427
Total revenues	348,628	33,887	382,515
Expenditures:	·		
Current:			
Support services:			
Administration	_	2,525	2,525
Operation and maintenance of plant	_	2,323 17,416	2,22, 17,416
Transportation	85,311	618	85,929
Other expenditures:	00,511		63,929
Facilities acquisition	156,796	3,692	160,488
Total expenditures	242,107	24,251	266,358
Change in fund balances	106,521	9,636	116,157
Fund balances beginning of year	210,242	23,086	233,328
Fund balances end of year	\$ 316,763	32,722	349,485

Twin Cedars Community School District

Schedule of Revenues by Source and Expenditures by Function All Governmental Funds

For the Last Ten Years

					Modified Accrual Basis	serual Basis				
ſ	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	7007	2000	2005
Kevenues:	_					200	0004	7007	2000	5007
Local sources:										
Local tax	\$ 1,458,814	1,865,949	1.744.417	1.630.933	1.510.636	1 510 101	1 461 307	1 470 546	1 450 333	; ; ;
Tuition	3,19,666	384.554	305,616	332 520	405 005	252 022	/ (C., 101.)	1,4/0,40	1,436,122	۷/ در/ <i>برد</i> را
Other	מאל טער	יייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי		735474	coo,cot	een'eee	403,311	424,002	408,503	419,604
Tataman dining	507,007	278,218	766,507	778,768	175,391	201,177	285,813	394,363	277,689	180,712
micinalists sources	•	•	•	3,000	6,000	1,000	1,000	4.000	•	750
State sources	2,597,070	2,294,597	2,449,370	2,315,954	2,010,470	2,449,019	2,363,267	2,182,695	2,241,092	2.033.027
rederal sources	104,185	195,629	164,749	255,540	444,351	225,015	177,260	114,229	168,480	187,471
Total	\$ 4,710,004	4,968,947	4,868,084	4,766,724	4,551,853	4,748,435	4,692,248	4,597,835	4,554,486	4,218,652
Expenditures:										
Instruction:										
Regular	\$ 2,108,822	1,962,474	1,737,203	1,853,755	1,604,908	1,720,238	1,617,640	1.559.467	1.461.801	1.666.724
Special	749,639	900'999	602,569	551,781	639,989	611,392	570,309	452,342	497,621	438 530
Other	654,724	712,322	670,341	745,819	875,115	719,297	655.178	574.753	620.710	540.050
Support services:			1	•	•					
Student	86,662	75,514	122,760	125,817	108,059	150.045	133,446	110.566	47 096	75 559
Instructional staff	135,739	140,490	67,736	134,078	68,184	71.986	52.360	74.889	144.663	56.041
Administration	401,942	440,285	441,022	443,823	411,122	420,349	419,711	416.607	372.084	310.662
Operation and maintenance of plant	380,897	378,621	351,596	375,574	343,185	406,645	426,512	389,404	276,500	231.380
Transportation	355,379	267,575	343,492	284,505	284,383	393,309	313,953	346,069	228,280	292,898
Non-instructional programs	1,032	891	873	752	1,019	875	890	892	25.383	968'61
Other expenditures:					•			i i		
Facilities acquisition	160,488	350,098	90,050	105,190	333,367	148,254	204,637	324,412	389,650	160,561
Long-term debt:										
Principal	•	310,000	120,000	115,000	110,000	105,000	151,355	97,253	57,145	52,043
Interest and other charges	•,	14,653	17,247	21,592	25,919	29,932	36,232	40,008	39,148	30,080
AEA flowthrough	148,436	144,701	145,498	161,734	161,191	151,211	147,150	137,266	134,159	130,759
Total	\$ 5,183,760	5,463,630	4,710,387	4,919,420	4,963,141	4,928,533	4,729,373	4,523,928	4,294,240	4,005,192



FALLER, KINCHELOE & CO, PLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control
over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Education of
Twin Cedars Community School District:

We have audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Governmental Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Twin Cedars Community School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related Notes to Financial Statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings, we identified deficiencies in internal control we consider to be material weaknesses and a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of the control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control-such that there is a reasonable possibility a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as items (A), (C) and (D) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control which is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings as item (B) to be a significant deficiency.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatements, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards. However, we noted certain immaterial instances of non-compliance or other matters which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings.

Comments involving statutory and other legal matters about the District's operations for the year ended June 30, 2014 are based exclusively on knowledge obtained from procedures performed during our audit of the financial statements of the District. Since our audit was based on tests and samples, not all transactions that might have had an impact on the comments were necessarily audited. The comments involving statutory and other legal matters are not intended to constitute legal interpretations of those statutes.

The District's Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

We would like to acknowledge the many courtesies and assistance extended to us by personnel of the District during the course of our audit. Should you have any questions concerning any of the above matters, we shall be pleased to discuss them with you at your convenience.

Faller, Kincheloe & Co., PLC Certified Public Accountants

March 6, 2015 Des Moines, Iowa

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

Findings Related to the Financial Statements:

INTERNAL CONTROL DEFICIENCIES:

(A) Segregation of Duties – One important aspect of internal control is the segregation of duties among employees to prevent an individual employee from handling duties which are incompatible. The cash receipts listing, bank deposits and the posting of the cash receipts to the cash receipts journal are sometimes all done by the same person. Also, vouchers are processed and checks are prepared by the same person.

<u>Recommendation</u> – We realize that with a limited number of office employees, segregation of duties is difficult. However, the Twin Cedars Community School District (District) should review its control procedures to obtain the maximum internal control possible under the circumstances.

 $\underline{Response} - We \ will \ continue \ to \ review \ our \ procedures \ and \ implement \ additional \ controls \ where \ possible.$

<u>Conclusion</u> – Response acknowledged. The District could segregate duties to the extent possible with existing personnel and utilize administrative personnel to provide additional control through review of financial transactions and reports.

(B) Fixed Assets – Fixed assets were not periodically counted and reconciled to the fixed asset listing by an independent person. Also, a perpetual record of fixed assets is not kept. Generally accepted accounting principles require an accurate fixed asset listing be maintained.

Recommendation — To provide additional control over the proper recording of fixed assets, fixed assets should be periodically counted and reconciled to the fixed asset listing by a person who does not have custody of the fixed assets. Also, a perpetual fixed asset listing should be kept.

Response - We will review this situation.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(C) <u>Financial Reporting</u> – During the audit, we identified material amounts of receivables, inventories, payables, fixed assets and debt amounts not recorded in the District's financial statements. Adjustments were subsequently made by the District to properly include these amounts in the financial statements.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should implement procedures to ensure all balances and transactions are identified and included in the District's financial statements.

<u>Response</u> – We will double check these in the future to avoid missing any of these types of transactions.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

(D) Preparation of Full Disclosure Financial Statements – Internal controls over financial reporting include the actual preparation and review of financial statements, including footnote disclosure, for external reporting, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The District does not have the internal resources to prepare the full-disclosure financial statements required by generally accepted accounting principles for external reporting. While this circumstance is not uncommon for most governmental entities, it is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to prepare reliable financial data, or accept the risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Recommendation – We recognize that with a limited number of office employees, gaining sufficient knowledge and expertise to properly select and apply accounting principles in preparing full-disclosure financial statements for external reporting purposes is difficult. However, we recommend that District officials continue to review operating procedures and obtain the internal expertise needed to handle all the aspects of external financial reporting, rather than to rely on external assistance.

<u>Response</u> – We recognize our limitations; however, it is not fiscally responsible to add additional staff for this purpose.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

INSTANCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE:

No matters were noted.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

Other Findings Related to Required Statutory Reporting:

- Certified Budget Expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2014 did not exceed the amounts budgeted.
- (2) <u>Ouestionable Disbursements</u> No expenditures we believe may not meet the requirements of public purpose as defined in an Attorney General's opinion dated April 25, 1979 were noted.
- (3) <u>Travel Expense</u> No expenditures of Twin Cedars Community School District (District) money for travel expenses of spouses of District officials or employees were noted. No travel advances to District officials or employees were noted.
- (4) <u>Business Transactions</u> No business transactions between the District and District officials or employees were noted.
- (5) Bond Coverage Surety bond coverage of District officials and employees is in accordance with statutory provisions. The amount of coverage should be reviewed annually to ensure that the coverage is adequate for current operations.
- (6) Board Minutes We noted no transactions requiring Board approval which have not been approved by the Board.
- (7) <u>Certified Enrollment</u> The total students reported to the Iowa Department of Education on the Certified Enrollment Certification Form for October 2013, was overstated by one student.
 - <u>Recommendation</u> The District should contact the Iowa Department of Education and Department of Management to resolve this matter.
 - <u>Response</u> We will contact the Iowa Department of Education and the Iowa Department of Management.
 - Conclusion Response acknowledged.
- (8) <u>Supplementary Weighting</u> No variances regarding the supplementary weighting certified to the Iowa Department of Education were noted.
- (9) <u>Deposits and Investments</u> No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and District's investment policy were noted.
- (10) Certified Annual Report The Certified Annual Report was not timely certified to the Iowa Department of Education. In addition, we also noted material variances between the amounts reported on the Certified Annual Report and the financial statements.

Recommendation – The District should implement procedures to ensure the Certified Annual Reports are timely filed with the Iowa Department of Education in the future. The District should also contact the Iowa Department of Education to resolve this situation.

<u>Response</u> – We have contacted the Department of Education and will make adjustments through the certified annual report for the next fiscal year.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

- (11) <u>Categorical Funding</u> No instances of categorical funding being used to supplant rather than supplement other funds were noted.
- (12) Statewide Sales, Services and Use Tax Except as noted below, no instances of non-compliance with the use of the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue provisions of Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa were noted.

The District expended \$1,863 for repairs to a vehicle and equipment which do not appear to be an allowable use in accordance with Chapter 423F.3 of the Code of Iowa.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should ensure expenditures of statewide sales, services and use tax revenue are limited to allowable uses.

Response - The District will review expenditures to ensure compliance in the future.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

Pursuant to Chapter 423F.5 of the Code of Iowa, the annual audit is required to include certain reporting elements related to the statewide sales, services and use tax revenues. Districts are required to include these reporting elements in the Certified Annual Report (CAR) submitted to the Iowa Department of Education. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the following information includes the amounts the District reported for the statewide sales, services and use tax revenue in the District's CAR including adjustments identified during the fiscal year 2014 audit:

Beginning balance		\$ 210,242
Revenues:		
Statewide sales, services and use tax	\$ 348,427	
Other local revenues	201	348,628
There is a second of the secon		558,870
Expenditures/transfers out:		
School infrastructure construction	156,796	
Equipment	85,311	242,107
Ending balance		¢ 716767
		\$ 316,763

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the District did not reduce any levies as a result of moneys received under Chapter 423E and 423F of the Code of Iowa

(13) Activity Fund Fundraisers – For Activity Fund fundraisers, there are no documented procedures in place to reconcile the cash receipts to the amount of money that should have been collected based on the quantity of merchandise purchased for resale or gross profit percentages.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should implement procedures for Activity Fund fundraisers which documents the reconciliation of actual monies collected to the amount of money which should have been collected based on the quantity of merchandise purchased for resale or gross profit percentages.

Response - We will implement this recommendation.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

(14) Fuel – The District has an unleaded gas barrel and two diesel fuel barrels to be used for its vehicle and equipment fleet. The District attempts to maintain a perpetual record of unleaded gas and diesel fuel. However, no comparison is made between the fuel balances as recorded on the perpetual records with the actual number of gallons in the fuel tanks at any one time.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should periodically compare the balances as recorded on the perpetual fuel records with the actual gallons of fuel on hand, and any significant differences should be investigated.

Response - We will take the above under advisement.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(15) <u>IRS Forms</u> – Instances were noted where the District did not file an Internal Revenue Service (IRS) Form 1099-Misc. as required.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The District should implement procedures to ensure that IRS Form 1099-Misc. are filed as required.

Response - We will implement the recommendations as noted above.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(16) <u>Financial Condition</u> – The General Fund had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$51,137 at June 30, 2014. In addition, the Special Revenue, Student Activity Fund had three accounts with deficit balances at June 30, 2014.

Recommendation – The District should continue to investigate alternatives to eliminate these deficits in order to return the fund and accounts to a sound financial condition.

<u>Response</u> – The District will try to decrease expenditures and increase revenues so the General Fund and the Special Revenue, Student Activity Fund accounts do not show a deficit balance at year-end.

Conclusion - Response acknowledged.

(17) Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Funds – The District paid for some equipment repair costs from the Special Revenue, Physical Plant and Equipment Levy Fund. Based on guidance as documented in the Department of Education's Uniform Administrative Procedures manual, it would not appear that equipment repair costs are not an allowable use of these funds.

<u>Recommendation</u> – The District should ensure expenditures of physical plant and equipment levy revenue are limited to allowable uses.

Response - The District will review expenditures to ensure compliance in the future.

Schedule of Findings

Year ended June 30, 2014

(18) Expenditures – The District paid for some purchases in which State of Iowa sales tax was paid. As a governmental entity, the District is exempt from paying State of Iowa sales tax.

Recommendation - The District should ensure State of Iowa sales tax is not paid on purchases.

<u>Response</u> – We will implement this recommendation.

Conclusion - Response accepted.